

Final Exam – Take Home

Consumer Comparison of Beef, Turkey, and Emu Meat

The data for your project comes from a nutritional study conducted at Ohio University during 1997-1998. Eighty three subjects completed the study in which subjects evaluated variables describing beef, turkey, and emu. Each of the three meats was prepared with taco flavoring and subjects were asked to rate the appearance, tenderness, flavor, texture, aftertaste, and overall acceptability. Cleansing of the palate after each taste with tepid (room temperature) water was required. The raters used a scale that had nine choices: 1=like extremely; 2= like very much; 3=like moderately; 4=like slightly; 5=neither like nor dislike; 6=dislike slightly; 7=dislike moderately; 8= dislike very much; and 9=dislike extremely.

A portion of that data appears in the data file **emu2a.xls** which is available at <http://csuohio.edu/holcombj/mth147/finalexam.htm>

Variable guide:

subject	An identifying number to keep track of subjects
gender	1=male, 2=female
age	Age in years
educlev	1=no college, 2=some college, 3=Bachelors Degree, 4=Post-Bachelors
income	1=<\$10,000; 2=10,000-14999; 3=15,000-24,999; 4=25,000-34,999 5=35,000-49999, 6=50,000-74999 7=>=75,0000
areagrow	1=rural, 2=urban
texbeef	Beef Texture Rating
texemu	Emu Texture Rating
texturk	Turkey Texture Rating
likeemu	0=no, 1=yes
likebeef	0=no, 1=yes
liketurkey	0=no, 1=yes
count	Just a variable of 1's
bins	Bins for Histogram on Ratings

The variables **likeemu**, **likebeef**, and **liketurkey** are calculated from their respective texture variables. If the texture score was 1-4, then the like variable is 1 (yes), and if the score was 5-9, the like variable is 0 (no).

For the following tests of Hypothesis, be sure to state the hypotheses, the test statistic, the P-value or the P-value estimate, and your conclusion.

1. Assume that the subjects are a random sample of consumers. Is there sufficient evidence to conclude that after the tasting the emu meat, the percentage of subjects who liked emu (**likeemu**) meat is over 25%?
2. Is there sufficient evidence to conclude that after the tasting the turkey meat, the percentage of subjects who liked turkey (**liketurkey**) meat is over 70%?
3. Determine if gender and liking emu meat are independent.
4. Treat **texemu**, as a continuous variable. Create a scatterplot of **age** predicting **texemu**. Do you think **age** is useful in predicting **texemu**? Perform a formal test of hypotheses. What is your conclusion?

Write a paragraph that describes your conclusions. Also, perform some kind of a test of hypothesis that I have not proposed. This could be a test involving a mean, a proportion, independence, or it could involve a regression analysis. Clearly state your null, alternative, test statistic, P-value, and conclusion.

Answers:

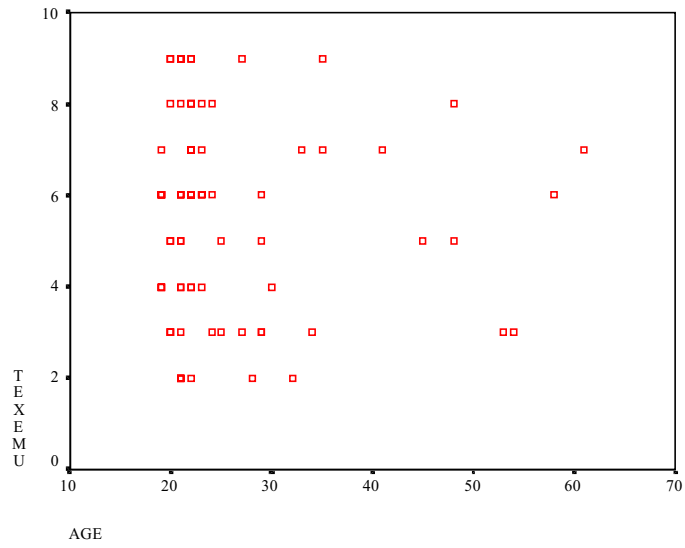
Sum of count	likeemu		
gender	0	1	Grand Total
1	21	10	31
2	34	18	52
Grand Total	55	28	83

phat 0.3373494
zscore 1.8378003
pvalue 0.0330459

Chi-Square 0.0483
df 1
p-value 0.826

Sum of count	
liketurkey	Total
0	20
1	63
Grand Total	83

phat 0.759
z 1.1928
pvalue 0.1165



Model Summary

Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Standard Error of the Estimate
1	.050 ^a	.003	-.010	2.20

a. Predictors: (Constant), AGE

